

# 4725 Further Pure Mathematics 1

1 (i)	$\begin{pmatrix} a-4 & 2 \\ 3 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$	B1	Two elements correct
		B1	2 Remaining elements correct
<hr style="border-top: 1px dashed black;"/>			
(ii)	$4a - 6$	B1	Correct determinant
		M1	Equate det A to 0 and solve
	$a = \frac{3}{2}$	A1	3 Obtain correct answer a. e. f.
			<b>5</b>
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2 (i)	$u^3 - 3u^2 + 3u - 1$	B1	Correct unsimplified expansion of $(u-1)^3$
		M1	Substitute for $x$
	$2u^3 - 6u^2 + 9u - 8 = 0$	A1	3 Obtain correct <b>equation</b>
<hr style="border-top: 1px dashed black;"/>			
(ii)		M1	Use $(\pm)\frac{d}{a}$ of new equation
	4	A1ft	2 Obtain correct answer from their equation
			<b>5</b>
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3	$x - iy$	B1	Conjugate known
		M1	Equate real and imaginary parts
	$x + 2y = 12 \quad 2x + y = 9$	A1	Obtain both equations, OK with factor of $i$
		M1	Solve pair of equations
	$z = 2 + 5i$	A1	5 Obtain correct answer as a complex number
			S.C. Solving $z + 2iz = 12 + 9i$ can get max $4/5$ , not first B1
			<b>5</b>
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4		M1	Express as sum of three series
		M1	Use standard results
	$\frac{1}{4}n^2(n+1)^2 - \frac{1}{6}n(n+1)(2n+1) - n(n+1)$	A1	Obtain correct unsimplified answer
		M1	Attempt to factorise
		A1	Obtain at least factor of $n(n+1)$
	$\frac{1}{12}n(n+1)(n+2)(3n-7)$	A1	6 Obtain fully factorised correct answer
			<b>6</b>

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5 (i)	B1 B1	2	Rotation 90° (about origin) Anticlockwise
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(ii) <i>Either</i>	M1		Show image of unit square after reflection in $y = -x$
$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$	A1		Deduce reflection in $x$ -axis
<i>Or</i>	B1ft B1ft M1	4	Each column correct ft for matrix of their transformation Post multiply by correct reflection matrix
	A1 B1B1		Obtain correct answer State reflection, in $x$ -axis
			<b>S.C.</b> If pre-multiplication, M0 but B1 B1 Available for correct description of their matrix
			<b>6</b>
<hr/>			
6 (i)	B1 M1		State or use $5 + i$ as a root Use $\sum \alpha\beta = 6$
$x = -2$	A1	3	Obtain correct answer
<hr/>			
(ii) <i>Either</i>	M1		Use $p = -\sum \alpha$
$p = -8$	A1ft M1		Obtain correct answer, from their root Use $q = -\alpha\beta\gamma$
$q = 52$	A1ft	4	Obtain correct answer, from their root
<i>Or</i>	M1 M1 A1A1		Attempt to find quadratic factor Attempt to expand quadratic and linear Obtain correct answers
<i>Or</i>	M1 M1 A1 A1ft		Substitute $(5 - i)$ into equation Equate real and imaginary parts Obtain correct answer for $p$ Obtain correct answer for $q$ , ft their $p$
			<b>7</b>
<hr/>			
7 (i)	B1	1	Obtain <b>given</b> answer correctly
<hr/>			
(ii)	M1		Express at least 1 <sup>st</sup> two and last term using (i)
	A1		All terms correct
	M1		Show that correct terms cancel
$1 - \frac{1}{(n+1)^2}$	A1	4	Obtain correct answer, in terms of $n$
<hr/>			
(iii) $\frac{1}{4}$	B1		Sum to infinity seen or implied
	B1	2	Obtain correct answer <b>S.C.</b> $-\frac{3}{4}$ scores B1
			<b>7</b>

<b>8 (i)</b>	M1	Attempt to equate real and imaginary parts of $(x + iy)^2$ & $5 - 12i$
$x^2 - y^2 = 5$ and $xy = -6$	A1	Obtain both results, a.e.f
	M1	Obtain quadratic in $x^2$ or $y^2$
	M1	Solve to obtain $x = (\pm)3$ or $y = (\pm)2$
$\pm(3 - 2i)$	A1	<b>5</b> Obtain correct answers as complex nos

<b>(ii)</b> square root		B1ft Circle with centre at their
	B1	Circle passing through origin
	B1ft	2 <sup>nd</sup> circle centre correct relative to 1 <sup>st</sup>
	B1	Circle passing through origin
	<b>9</b>	<b>4</b>

<b>9 (i)</b>	M1	Show correct expansion process for $3 \times 3$ or multiply adjoint by <b>A</b>
	M1	Correct evaluation of any $2 \times 2$ at any stage
$\det \mathbf{A} = \Delta = 6a - 6$	A1	Obtain correct answer
$\mathbf{A}^{-1} = \frac{1}{\Delta} \begin{pmatrix} 3a-1 & a+1 & -4 \\ 1 & 2a-1 & -2 \\ -3 & -3 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$	M1	Show correct process for adjoint entries
	A1	Obtain at least 4 correct entries in adjoint
	B1	Divide by their determinant
	A1	<b>7</b> Obtain completely correct answer

<b>(ii)</b> $\frac{1}{\Delta} \begin{pmatrix} 5a-7 \\ 4a-5 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$	M1	Attempt product of form $\mathbf{A}^{-1}\mathbf{C}$ or eliminate to get 2 equations and solve
	A1A1A1	Obtain correct answer
	ft all 3	<b>4</b> S.C. if det now omitted, allow max A2 ft
	<b>11</b>	

<b>10 (i)</b>	B1	Correct $\mathbf{M}^2$ seen
$\mathbf{M}^2 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 4 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad \mathbf{M}^3 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 6 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$	M1	Convincing attempt at matrix multiplication for $\mathbf{M}^3$
	A1	<b>3</b> Obtain correct answer

<b>(ii)</b> $\mathbf{M}^n = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2n \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$	B1ft	<b>1</b> State correct form, consistent with (i)
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10 (iii)

M1		Correct attempt to multiply $\mathbf{M}$ & $\mathbf{M}^k$ or v.v.
A1		Obtain element $2(k + 1)$
A1		Clear statement of induction step, from correct working
B1	4	Clear statement of induction conclusion, following their working

(iv)

B1		Shear
DB1		$x$ -axis invariant
DB1	3	e.g. $(1, 1) \rightarrow (21, 1)$ or equivalent using scale factor or angles

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